

Interim Charges Related to County Government
(those in bold match the Collin County legislative list)

Lt Governor

1. **Study the statutory oversight granted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regarding the financial feasibility of bonds issued by special purpose districts, including determining whether changes in the oversight structure are needed.** – **Intergovernmental Relations.**
2. Study ways to assist local governments in reducing the costs associated with procurement. Include an assessment of the costs and benefits of electronic notices for bid notices.- **Intergovernmental Relations.**
3. Conduct a comprehensive review of school discipline practices. Specifically, review and make recommendations on:
 - The effectiveness of Disciplinary Alternative Education Programs (DAEP) and Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs (JJAEP) in reducing student involvement in further disciplinary infractions and in promoting positive educational achievement; - **Criminal Justice.**
4. Examine the delivery and financing of public health services in our state, including how federal funds are distributed by the state to local health departments and whether the work done by Regional Health Departments operated by the Department of State Health Services overlap unnecessarily with local health departments. – **Health and Human Services.**
5. **Review the state's public mental health system and make recommendations to improve access, service utilization, patient outcomes and system efficiencies. Study current service delivery models for outpatient and inpatient care, funding levels, financing methodologies, services provided, and available community-based alternatives to hospitalization. The review should look to other states for best practices or models that may be successful in Texas. The study shall also review and recommend “best value” practices that the state's public mental health system may implement to maximize the use of federal, state, and local funds.** – **Health and Human Services.**
6. **Study the impediments to implementation of the State Water Plan, and make recommendations to ensure that Texas has access to sufficient water for future generations. Specifically, consider the following:**
 - **Review opportunities to fully fund the implementation of the State Water Plan by encouraging local project selection and financing;**
 - **Review the loan application process administered by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) and prioritize the projects to ensure that the new bonding authority is targeted to the most pressing problems and those projects of highest value identified in the State Water Plan;**
 - **Consider the impact and complexity of the water/energy/electricity connection;**
 - **Review the progress made toward the designation of unique reservoir sites;**
 - **Review current and proposed federal initiatives related to water resources;**

- **Review conservation measures across all sectors of the economy, including education about the benefits of conserved water and the enforcement of those measures;**
 - **Review all state and federal statutory barriers, including the ability to move water around the state and pipeline prohibitions;**
 - **Consider groundwater regulation and determine whether there is a need for modification of our current regulatory structure;**
 - **Evaluate the progress of the state's goal of promoting desalination projects across the state (brackish and seawater), including their future expansion to assist in meeting the state's water needs. – **Natural Resources Committee.****
7. Study the current array of criminal court costs and civil filing fees in light of the following suggested standards:
- levels of financial funding from general governmental revenue;
 - whether fees and miscellaneous charges should be set by the Legislature with recommendations provided by the appropriate judicial body and reviewed periodically to determine if they should be adjusted;
 - whether fees and miscellaneous charges should be waived under certain conditions;
 - whether fees and miscellaneous charges are easy to understand, with fee schedules based on fixed or flat rates;
 - whether fees are earmarked and controlled by the court or deposited into the account of the governmental source providing the court's funding. – **Jurisprudence Committee.**
8. Review record retention policies for state and local governments and make recommendations for improvements to record retention schedules and policies, including e-mail retention and archiving requirements. Consider the benefits and disadvantages of creating a uniform record retention policy. – **Senate Select Committee on Open Government.**
9. Study ways to define and address frivolous and/or overly-burdensome open records requests. Include an analysis of appropriate cost recovery by governmental entities for expenses and time related to responding to requests, while ensuring the public has adequate access to public information. – **Senate Select Committee on Open Government.**
10. Study the law governing the Texas bail bond industry and determine local practices for the pretrial release of the accused. Determine the financial impact of various pretrial release options for the accused and the financial impact on counties for the failure to release pretrial. – **Criminal Justice.**
11. **Evaluate existing comprehensive diversion and treatment systems within the state, including mental health treatment, to determine cost effectiveness, reductions in correctional populations, impact on healthcare systems, and the overall number of people treated effectively. Examine federal, state and local collaborations and make recommendations for best practices to maximize effective use of funding and resources.** – **Criminal Justice.**
12. Analyze the financial and personnel situation at 911 or emergency call centers across the state. Determine if call centers can be run more efficiently and effectively. The committee shall consider the oversight of local and county officials in their findings and recommendations. – **Transportation and Homeland Security Committee.**

13. Analyze both near-term and long-term planning process documents for Metropolitan Planning Organizations and evaluate the impact of the current plans on congestion mitigation, specifically the state's 100 most-congested roadway segments.-**Transportation and Homeland Security Committee.**
14. **Study and make recommendations regarding the methods of financing for capital investment in the state's transportation system. Examine ways to prevent further wear on our roadways and reduce congestion in the system. Consider the long-term impact of the accumulation of debt for transportation projects, as well as the total cost of vehicle ownership as a result of varying levels of congestion and road maintenance. Educate and inform the public regarding the seriousness of the transportation challenges to better engage the public in forming a solution. (Joint Charge with Senate Finance Committee) – Transportation and Homeland Security Committee.**

Speaker

1. **Study county-related issues arising from population growth in unincorporated areas with regard to existing and new developments and the provision of services, including garbage disposal, fire protection, road maintenance, electricity, and water and wastewater service. Make necessary legislative recommendations for improving problems in these areas of the state.** – House **Committee on County Affairs.**
2. Study opportunities for cost savings through the abolishment of certain elected offices or the consolidation of county services. – **House Committee on County Affairs.**
3. Conduct a general study of issues facing county jails. The study should include innovative ways to address overcrowding, the impact homelessness has on the county jail population, and recommendations for handling inmates undergoing detoxification and withdrawal from drugs and alcohol. – **Criminal and Juvenile Justice – House Committee on County Affairs.**
4. Monitor the implementation and impact of the MOVE Act on the state and on municipalities. Make legislative recommendations, as needed, to ensure a smooth implementation of the law. (*Joint with the House Committee on Elections*) – **House Committee on Defense and Veterans Affairs.**
5. Examine the benefits and risks of using mobile voting stations in Texas.- **House Committee on Elections.**
6. **Examine the effectiveness of the Texas Emissions Reduction Plan (TERP) since its inception in 2001. Determine whether the emissions reduced justify the amounts that have been appropriated since 2001. (Joint with the House Committee on Appropriations)** – **House Committee on Environmental Regulations.**
7. **Monitor the ongoing statewide drought and the performance of state, regional, and local entities in addressing it. Examine the impact of the drought on the state water plan, including an evaluation of how well the state's existing water resources can meet demand, the need for additional funding sources to implement the plan, and the effectiveness of current drought planning and drought management policies. Identify short-term and long-term strategies to help the state better cope with drought and assess any obstacles, including state and federal regulations, to implementation of these strategies.** – **House Committee on Natural Resources.**
8. **Examine the interplay of water and energy resources and needs in the state. Study the economic, environmental, and social impacts of water use in energy production and exploration, including the impacts of this use on regional and state water planning. Determine the current and likely future water needs of power generation and energy production, and evaluate options to develop new or alternative supplies. Include an evaluation of current issues involving water use for oil and gas production and related water quality issues.** – **House Committee on Natural Resources.**
9. Evaluate the status of desalination projects in Texas. Include an evaluation of the regulation of brackish groundwater and whether opportunities exist to facilitate better utilization of this groundwater to meet future needs. – **House Committee on Natural Resources.**

10. Review the Texas County and District Retirement System and the Texas Municipal Retirement System and examine plan provisions offered to individual participating counties and cities. – **House Committee on Pensions, Investments and Financial Services.**

11. Review and make recommendations on the effectiveness of Disciplinary Alternative Education Programs (DAEPs) and Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs (JJAEPs) in reducing students' involvement in further disciplinary infractions. Determine the appropriate role of disciplinary alternative placements in promoting education achievement and how technology could be used to supplement education services. Consider appropriate placements in DAEPs or JJAEPs and consistent funding models for those programs. Consider options for counties without a JJAEP or inefficiently few placements in a JJAEP. Identify positive behavioral models that promote a learning environment for teachers to appropriately instruct while addressing any behavioral issues and enforcing student discipline. - **House Committee on Public Education.**